

Please put away everything that's a distraction and take very detailed notes.

Section 4.1/Linear Programming (there is no programming..it's just a name that's stuck...)

Def: A linear programming problem in two variables x and y , consists of maximizing or minimizing an objective function $z = Ax + By$ subject to a set of constraints expressed as inequalities.

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Major Step 1: Write an expression for the quantity to be maximized or minimized (objective function)

Step 2: Determine all constraints and graph the set of feasible points.

Step 3: List the corner points of the set of feasible points.

Step 4: Determine the value of the objective function at each corner point.

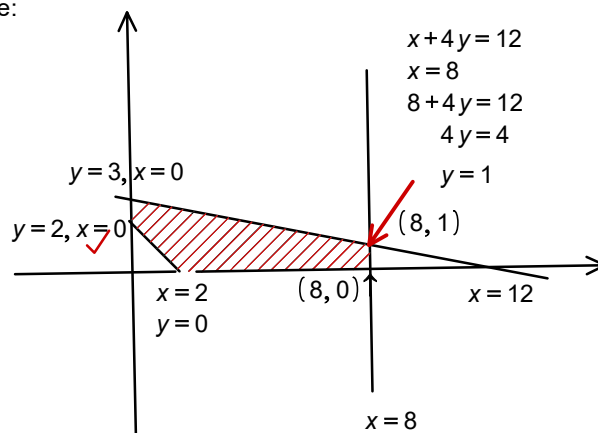
Step 5: Select the maximum or minimum value of the objective function.

Example 1: Maximize and minimize the objective function: $z = x + 5y$

set of constraints:

- $x + 4y \leq 12$ ← $x + 4y = 12, x = 0 \rightarrow y = 3 \dots y = 0 \rightarrow x = 12$
- $x \leq 8$ ← $x \leq 8$, solid line at $x = 8$, shade left b/c of $<$
- $x + y \geq 2$ ← $x + y \geq 2 \rightarrow x + y = 2$, *intercept* pts: $y = 2, x = 2$
- $x \geq 0$ ← line through $x = 0$ and shade right
- $y \geq 0$ ← line through $y = 0$ and shade above

picture:



check $z = x + 5y$ at each corner point:

- $(0, 2)$: $z = 0 + 5 \cdot 2 = 10$
- $(0, 3)$: $z = 0 + 5 \cdot 3 = 15$
- $(8, 1)$: $z = 8 + 5 \cdot 1 = 13$
- $(8, 0)$: $z = 8 + 5 \cdot 0 = 8$
- $(2, 0)$: $z = 2 + 5 \cdot 0 = 2$

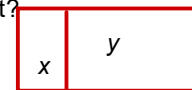
max value is 15
min value is 2

example of HWORK 1: A farmer is going to divide her 30 acre farm between two crops. Seed for crop A costs \$10 per acre, and seed for crop B costs \$20 per acre. The farmer can spend at most \$500 on seed. If crop B bring in a profit of \$100 per acre, and crop A brings in a profit of \$120 per acre, how many acres of each crop should the farmer plant to maximize her profit?

constraints(inequalities)

$x \geq 0$ (land seeded with A)
 $y \geq 0$ (land seeded with B)

Usually the FEASIBLE region is the one trapped between the x-axis, the y axis, and the other lines.



constraint on available land: $x + y \leq 30$ (30 acres at most)

constraint on money: $10 \cdot x + 20 \cdot y \leq 500$ (money for x + money for y \leq 500)

$10x = 10 \text{ dollars per acre} \cdot x \text{ acres}$ (for seed A)

money

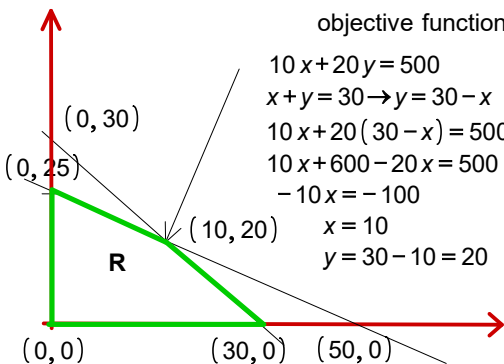
objective function: $z = 120x + 100y$

$10x + 20y = 500$
 $x + y = 30 \rightarrow y = 30 - x$
 $10x + 20(30 - x) = 500$
 $10x + 600 - 20x = 500$
 $-10x = -100$
 $x = 10$
 $y = 30 - 10 = 20$

$120 \frac{\text{dollars}}{\text{acre}} \cdot x \text{ acres} = 120x \text{ dollars}$..likewise for 100y

$10x + 20y \leq 500$ boundary
 $10x + 20y = 500$
 $x = 0, 20y = 500 \rightarrow y = 500 / 20 = 25$
 $y = 0, 10x = 500 \rightarrow x = 500 / 10 = 50$
check with $(0,0)$: $10 \cdot 0 + 20 \cdot 0 \leq 50$ true
shade where $(0,0)$ is located
solid line b/c of the $=$ part of \leq

$x \geq 0$ means line through $x = 0$ and shade right
 $y \geq 0$ means line through $y = 0$ and shade above
 $x + y \leq 30$
boundary line is $x + y = 30$
 $x = 0, y = 30 \dots$
 $y = 0, x = 30 \dots$
b/c \leq , use solid line
shade where $(0,0)$ is located..or check as before!



Check corner points: $(0, 0)$: $z = 120 \cdot 0 + 100 \cdot 0 = \0 profit
 $(10, 20)$: $z = 120 \cdot 10 + 20 \cdot 100 = \3200 profit
 $(0, 25)$: $z = 120 \cdot 0 + 25 \cdot 100 = \2500 profit
 $(30, 0)$: $z = 30 \cdot 120 + 0 \cdot 100 = \3600 profit

Business Summary: Plant 30 acres of seed A and no acres of seed B and earn 3600 in profit.

A farmer is going to divide her 40 acre lot between two crops. Seed A costs \$10 per acre, and seed B costs \$5 per acre. Her budget is \$250.

Seed B brings in \$90 profit per acre. Seed A brings in \$160 profit per acre. x = number of crop A (acres), and y = number of crop B (acres)

$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$ (acres can't be negative)

$x + y \leq 40$ (total land is \leq 40 acres)

$10 \cdot x + 5 \cdot y \leq 250$ (money for seed A + money for seed B \leq 250)

Objective function: $z = 160x + 90y$ (money earned from A + money earned from seed B)

$x \geq 0$ (line through $x = 0$ and shade to the right b/c of the \geq)
 $y \geq 0$ (line through $y = 0$ and shade above)

$x + y \leq 40$ boundary: $x + y = 40$

$x = 0, y = 40$ (A)

$y = 0, x = 40$ (B)

shade where $(0,0)$ is located

from $0 + 0 \leq 40$

solid b/c of the $=$ part of \leq

$10x + 5y \leq 250$

equation form: $10x + 5y = 250$

$x = 0, 5y = 250 \rightarrow y = 50$ (C)

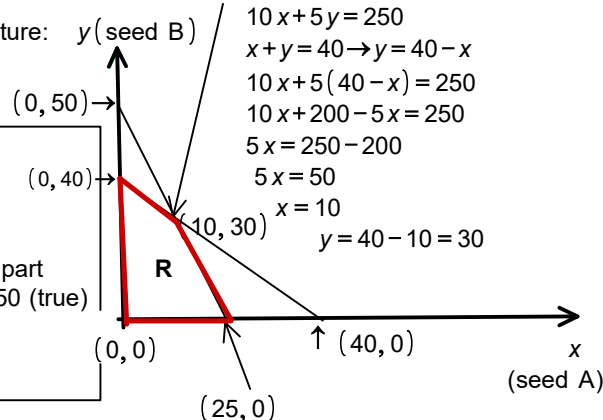
$y = 0, 10x = 250 \rightarrow x = 25$ (D)

\leq means solid line b/c of the $=$ part

check with $(0,0)$: $10 \cdot 0 + 5 \cdot 0 \leq 250$ (true)

shade where $(0,0)$ is located

picture:



check object function at each corner point: $(0, 0)$: $z = 160 \cdot 0 + 90 \cdot 0 = \0 profit

Business Summary: Plant 10 acres of A and 30 acres of B to make a max. profit of \$4300.

$$(0, 40) : z = 160 \cdot 0 + 90 \cdot 40 = \$3600 \text{ profit}$$

$$(10, 30) : z = 160 \cdot 10 + 90 \cdot 30 = \$4300 \text{ profit}$$

$$(25, 0) : z = 160 \cdot 25 + 90 \cdot 0 = \$4000 \text{ profit}$$